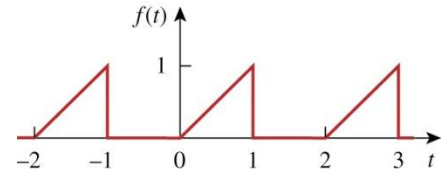


All problems use the following periodic waveform $g(t)$. For all problems give numeric answers, e.g. not $2/\pi$ but 0.6366.



P1 Find: T, f_0, ω_0 .

$$\boxed{T=2} \quad f_0 = \frac{1}{T} = \boxed{0.5} \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi f_0 = \boxed{3.14}$$

P2 Find: The trig Fourier Series coefficients a_0, a_1, a_2, b_1, b_2 for $f(t)$ above, so $a_0 + a_1 \cos(\omega_0 t) + b_1 \sin(\omega_0 t) + a_2 \cos(2\omega_0 t) + b_2 \sin(2\omega_0 t)$ approximates $f(t)$.

The answers must be numeric, e.g. not $2/\pi$ but 0.6366.

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{\langle T \rangle} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_0^1 t dt + \int_1^2 0 dt \right] = \frac{1}{4} t^2 \Big|_0^1 = \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{\langle T \rangle} f(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = \int_0^1 t \cos(n\pi t) dt \quad \text{use eqn sheet}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \cos(n\pi t) + \frac{t}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi t) \right]_{t=0}^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \left[\cos(n\pi) - \cos(0) \right] + \left[\frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi) - 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} [(-1)^n - 1]$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-2}{(n\pi)^2} & n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{so} \quad \boxed{a_1 = \frac{-2}{\pi^2} = -0.203}$$

$$\boxed{a_2 = 0}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{\langle T \rangle} f(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt = \int_0^1 t \sin(n\pi t) dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \sin(n\pi t) - \frac{t}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi t) \right]_{t=0}^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} [\sin(n\pi) - \sin(0)] - \left[\frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) - 0 \right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{n\pi} (-1)^n$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{n\pi}, & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{1}{n\pi}, & n \text{ odd} \end{cases} \quad \text{so}$$

$$\boxed{b_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} = 0.318}$$

$$\boxed{b_2 = -\frac{1}{2\pi} = -0.159}$$

- P3 Find:** The coefficients $A_0, A_1, A_2, \phi_1, \phi_2$ so that $A_0 + A_1 \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi_1) + A_2 \cos(2\omega_0 t + \phi_2)$ approximates $f(t)$. Keep the answers must be numeric, e.g. not $2/\pi$ but 0.6366.

$$A_0 = a_0 = 0.25$$

$$C_1 = a_1 - jb_1 = -0.203 + j0.318 = 0.377 \angle 123^\circ \Rightarrow A_1 = 0.377, \phi_1 = 123^\circ$$

$$C_2 = a_2 - jb_2 = -j0.159 = 0.159 \angle -90^\circ \Rightarrow A_2 = 0.159, \phi_2 = -90^\circ$$

- P4 Find:** Sketch the amplitude spectra and phase spectra of $g(t)$ for $0 \leq \omega \leq 2\omega_0$. Remember to label the ω axis with numbers (e.g. not $2\omega_0$ but 2.52).

```
>> A=[0.25 0.377 0.159];
>> w=[0:2]*pi;
>> subplot(1,2,1);
>> stem(w,A,'k','linewidth',2)
>> title('Amplitude spectra'), xlabel('freq (rad/sec)')
>> phi=[123 -90];
>> w=[1:2]*pi;
>> subplot(1,2,2);
>> stem(w,phi,'k','linewidth',2)
>> title('Phase spectra'), xlabel('freq (rad/sec)')
```

