

Given: 2<sup>nd</sup> Order Series or // RLC Circuit.

Find: X. X may be any Voltage or Current.

① Find IC

a) Draw  $t < 0$   $\frac{1}{s} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \circ + \\ | \\ \circ - \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ i_{L0} \end{matrix}$  no switches or  $V(t)$ 's

Find  $v_c, i_L$   
b) Draw  $t = 0^+$   $\frac{1}{s} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \circ + \\ | \\ \circ - \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ i_{L0} \end{matrix}$  no switches or  $V(t)$ 's

Find  $X_0, X'_0$  by  $\begin{cases} i = CV' \\ v = LI' \end{cases}$  and maybe  $\begin{cases} V' = i'R & \Omega \text{ law} \\ V'_1 + V'_2 = 0 & \text{KVL} \\ i'_1 + i'_2 = 0 & \text{KCL} \end{cases}$

② Find natural Solution

a) Draw  $t > 0$   $\frac{1}{s} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{s} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \end{matrix}$  no switches or  $V(t)$ 's

Find  $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$ ,  $\alpha = \frac{R}{2L}$  (series) or  $\frac{1}{2RC}$  (parallel)

$$S = -\alpha \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \omega_0^2}$$

b) Overdamped

Critically damped

Underdamped

$\hookrightarrow$  rewrite

$$\alpha > \omega_0$$

$$\alpha = \omega_0$$

$$\alpha < \omega_0$$

$$S = -\alpha \pm j\omega_d$$

$$x_n = C_1 e^{S_1 t} + C_2 e^{S_2 t}$$

$$x_n = C_1 e^{st} + C_2 t e^{st}$$

$$x_n = e^{-\alpha t} [C_1 \cos(\omega_d t) + C_2 \sin(\omega_d t)]$$

③ Find Forced Solution

a) Draw  $t = \infty$   $\frac{1}{s} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \circ + \\ | \\ \circ - \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \end{matrix}$

b) Find  $X_f$

④ Find total response

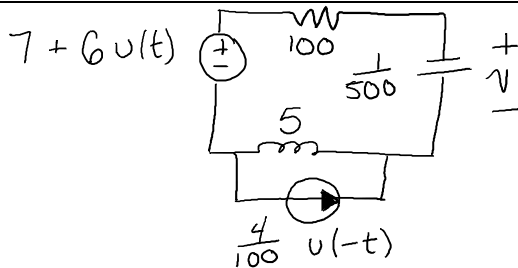
$$a) x(t) = x_n(t) + x_f(t)$$

b) Solve for  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  in  $x(t)$  using ICs

## Summary

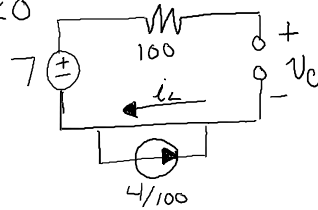
Component	$t < 0$	$t = 0^+$	$t > 0$	$t = \infty$
$\frac{1}{s}$	$\begin{matrix} \circ + \\   \\ \circ - \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \circ + \\   \\ \circ - \end{matrix}$	$\frac{1}{s}$	$\begin{matrix} \circ + \\   \\ \circ - \end{matrix}$
$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ i_L \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ i_L \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \end{matrix}$

# Example



Find  $v$

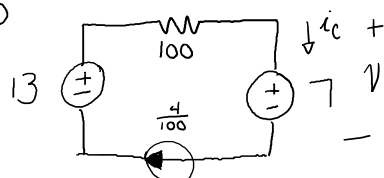
①  $t < 0$



$$v_c = 7$$

$$i_L = \frac{4}{100}$$

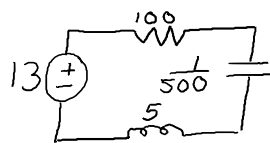
$t > 0$



$v = 7$  by inspection

$$i_c = C v'_c \Rightarrow v'_c = \frac{1}{C} i_c = 500 \left( \frac{4}{100} \right) = 20$$

②  $t > 0$



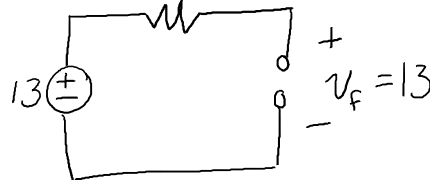
$$\alpha = \frac{R}{2L} = \frac{100}{2 \cdot 5} = 10$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 10$$

$\alpha = \omega_0 \Rightarrow$  Critically damped,  $S = -10, -10$

$$v_n = C_1 e^{-10t} + C_2 t e^{-10t}$$

③  $t = \infty$



④  $v(t) = v_n + v_f = C_1 e^{-10t} + C_2 t e^{-10t} + 13$

$v(0) = C_1 + 13 = 7$  by IC  $\Rightarrow C_1 = -6$

$v'(t) = -10 C_1 e^{-10t} + C_2 [t(-10) e^{-10t} + e^{-10t}]$

$v'(0) = -10 C_1 + C_2 = 20$  by IC  $\Rightarrow C_2 = -40$

$v(t) = -6e^{-10t} - 40te^{-10t} + 13$